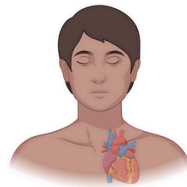


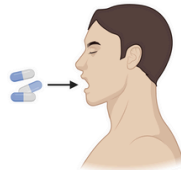
# ACUTE KIDNEY INJURY

Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) occurs when your kidneys stop working properly over a short period of time, such as a few hours or days. AKI occurs as a complication of some other severe illness or state that reduces blood flow and oxygen to the kidneys.

## Common Causes of AKI:



Heart Problems



Medications



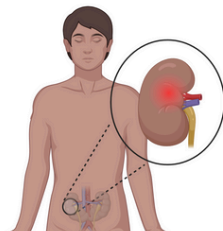
Infection



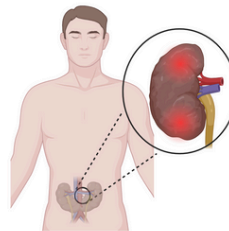
Dehydration

After experiencing AKI, some individuals may see full or partially recovery of kidney function. However, AKI can have lasting health effects, so it's important to follow up with healthcare providers to catch and manage any potential problems early.

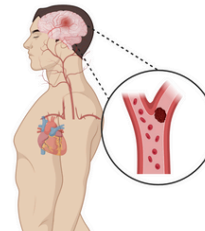
## AKI Increases Risk of Developing:



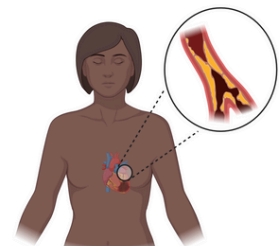
Repeat AKI



Chronic Kidney Disease



Stroke



Heart Disease

Follow up with a family doctor, nurse practitioner, and/or pharmacist to run tests and adjust medications as needed. How soon you need to follow up depends on your kidney recovery and other existing conditions.

## Follow up within 1-3 Months:



Monitor Blood Pressure



Blood Tests



Urine Test



Review Medications

For more information go to [www.bcrenal.ca/xxxxxxx](http://www.bcrenal.ca/xxxxxxx)

Or scan



To complete a **survey** about this handout and other resources about AKI go to [www.surveysxxx.ca](http://www.surveysxxx.ca)

Or scan



Acknowledgements: This work was supported by Shared Care. Figures made using Biroender.com